

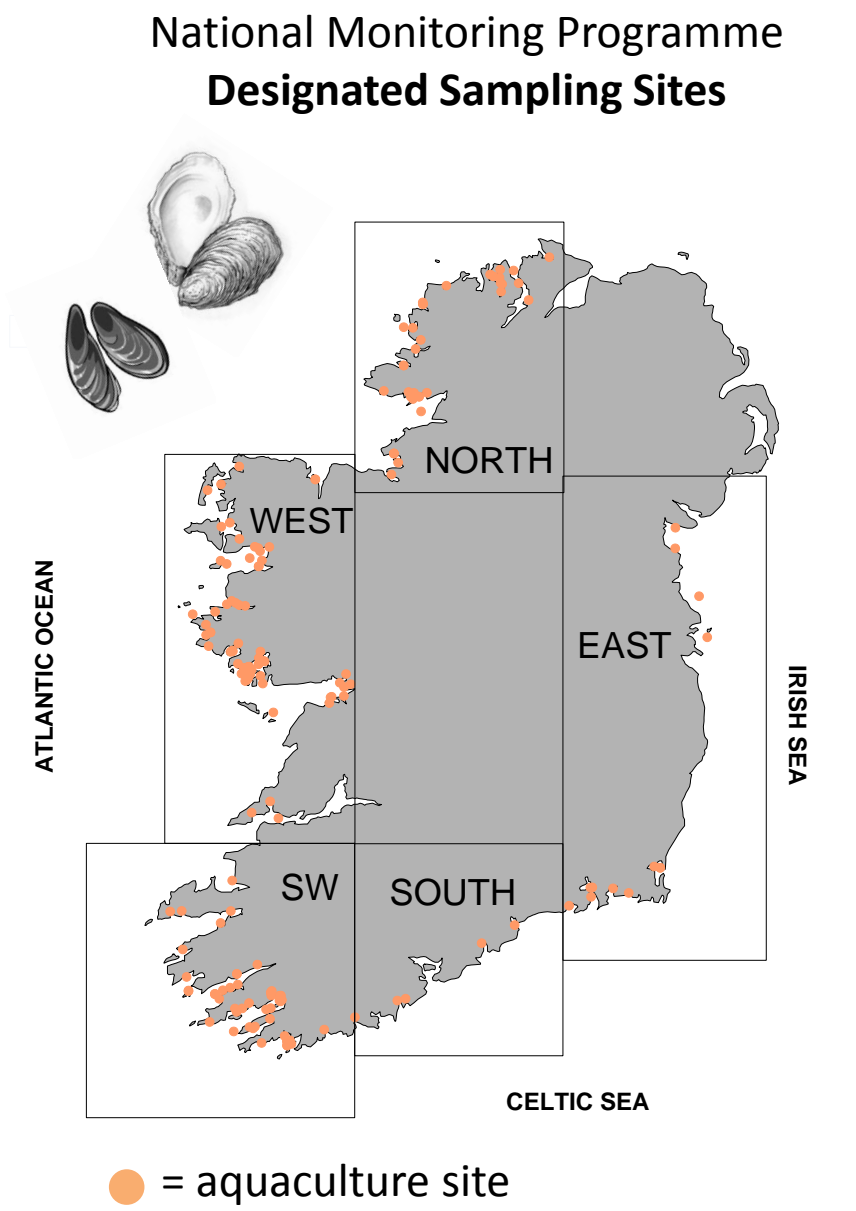
# Ireland: Current Conditions

## Shellfish biotoxin report (last week)



**EU Regulatory Limit:**  
ASP 20 µg/g; AZP 0.16 µg/g; DSP 0.16 µg/g; PSP 800 µg/kg

**Toxin groups**  
ASP = **A**mnestic **S**hellfish **P**oisoning; AZP = **AZ**aspiracid **P**oisoning;  
DSP = **D**iarrhetic **S**hellfish **P**oisoning; PSP = **P**aralytic **S**hellfish **P**oisoning



# Ireland: Predictions

## Prediction for this week:

ASP event: Low risk with a Medium risk in some areas (see below)

AZP event: Low risk

DSP event: Low risk

PSP event: Low risk

## Why do we think this?

ASP : No toxins detected. The “*P. seriata*” group was found at 27 out of 60 sites nationwide. Maximum cell levels range between 19,000 and 31,000 cells/L) in the south and southwest, elsewhere max of 1,500 cells/L. A toxic species, *P. australis* was observed in 6 sites nationwide (southwest, south and east). Populations percentage composition of total phytoplankton ranges from 1 to 45 % with the highest predominance noted in the southwest. There is some risk of DA increase in southwest shellfish because the “*P. seriata*” group represents a larger part of the phytoplankton assemblage at some sites in this region.

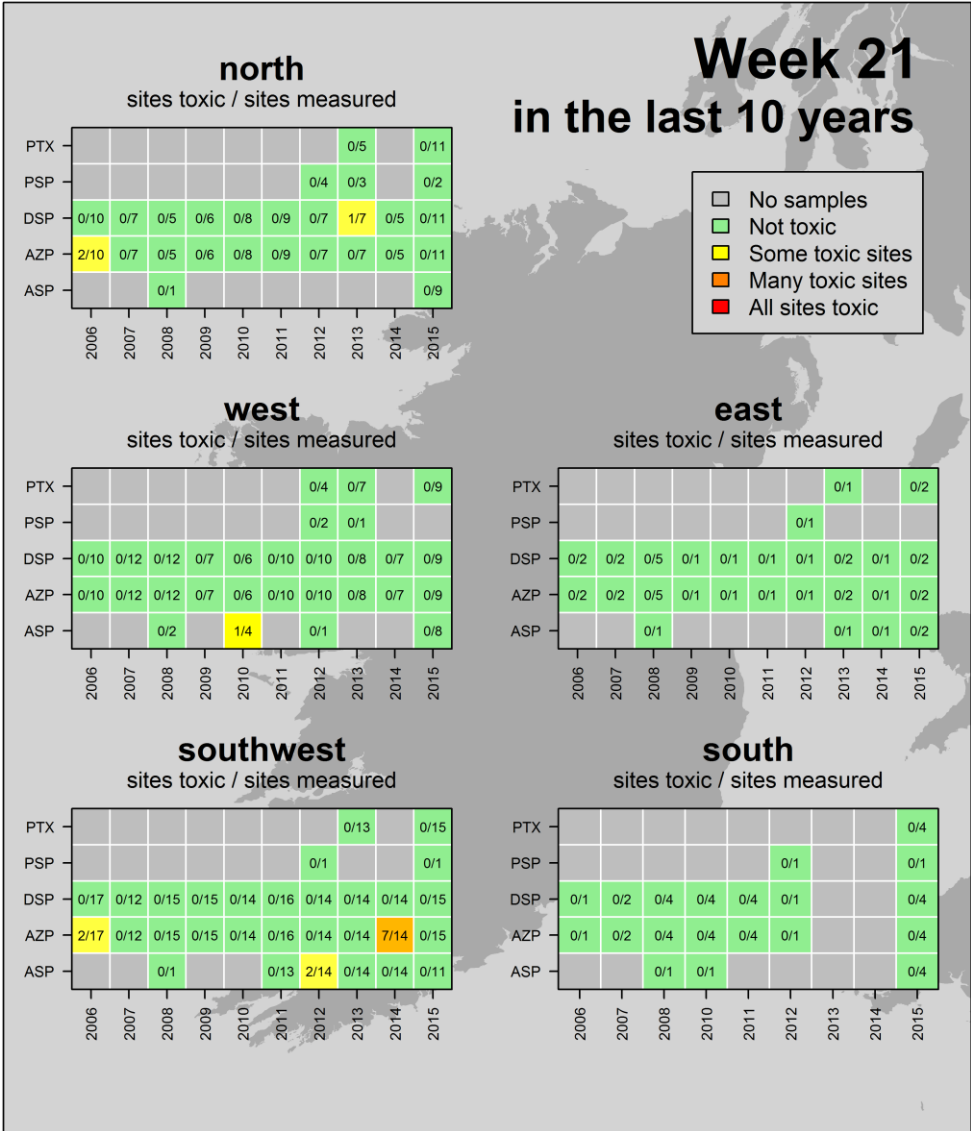
AZP: Very low levels of toxins (i.e. background levels of up to 0.03 µg/g in oysters) picked up at 11 out of 38 sites nationally. *Azadinium*-like species recorded at 26 sites - cell levels range from present to ~ 12,000 cells/L with highest counts in the west and north.

DSP: Background levels of toxins detected nationwide with maximum in the north and southwest (up to 0.05 µg/g). *Dinophysis* specis found at background levels (*D. acuminata* at 40 to 80 cells/L) in 10 sites nationwide (north, west and southwest). Once in June we will be in a higher risk period for DSP.

PSP: No toxins detected. Historically this a low risk period of the year for all sites. *Alexandrium* species present at 6 sites out of 60 sites nationally; maximum cell levels in the west @ 1,440 cells/L.

# Ireland: Historic Conditions

A look back at how last weeks biotoxin results compares to other years



## Ireland HISTORIC TRENDS

**Likely times for Shellfish Toxicity:** does not include winter carry over of biotoxins

- ASP events: mid-March to early May
- AZP events: April to December
- DSP events: May to December
- PSP events: June to mid-July and end September; only in Cork Harbour

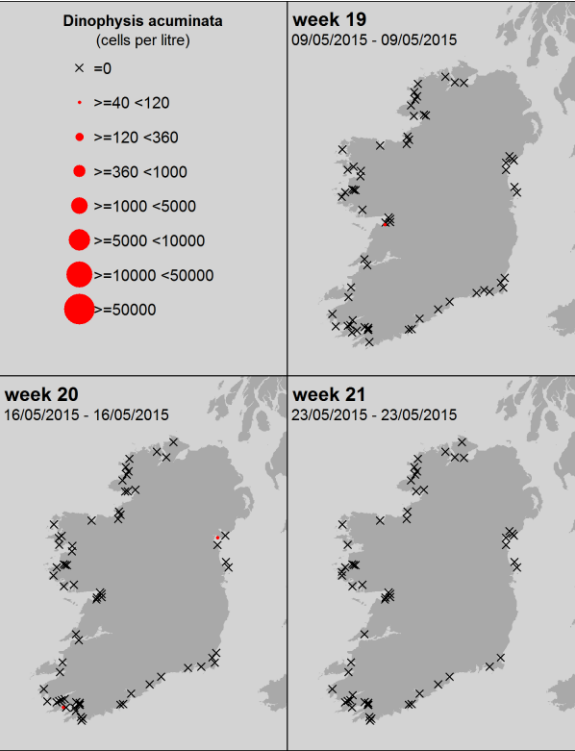


Ireland: Last 3 weeks of available National Monitoring Programme data

Dinophysis acuminata

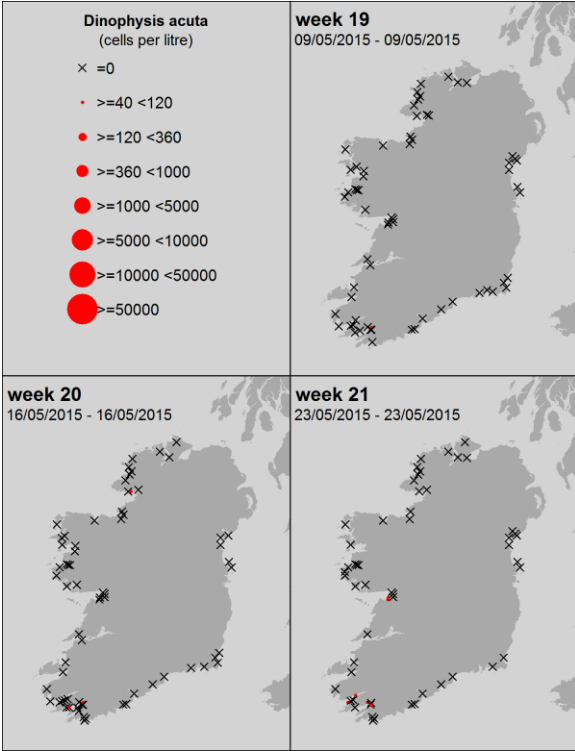
Dinophysis acuta

DSP



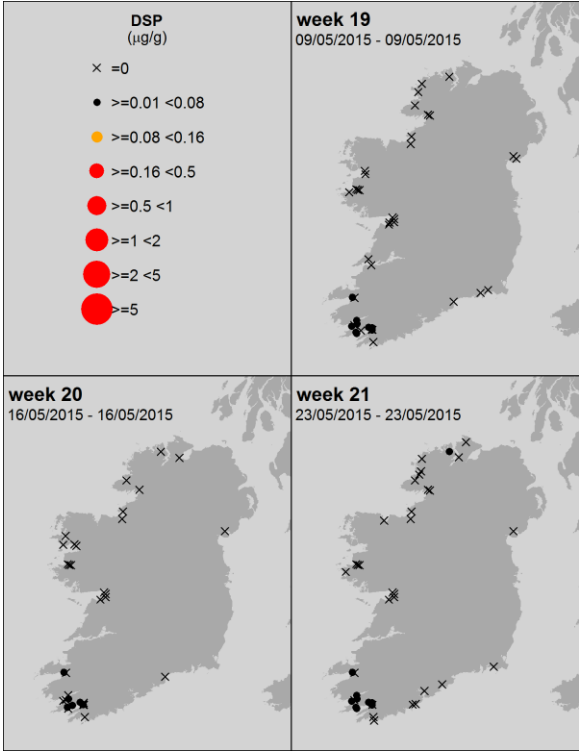
week 21

23/05/2015 - 23/05/2015



week 21

23/05/2015 - 23/05/2015



week 21

23/05/2015 - 23/05/2015

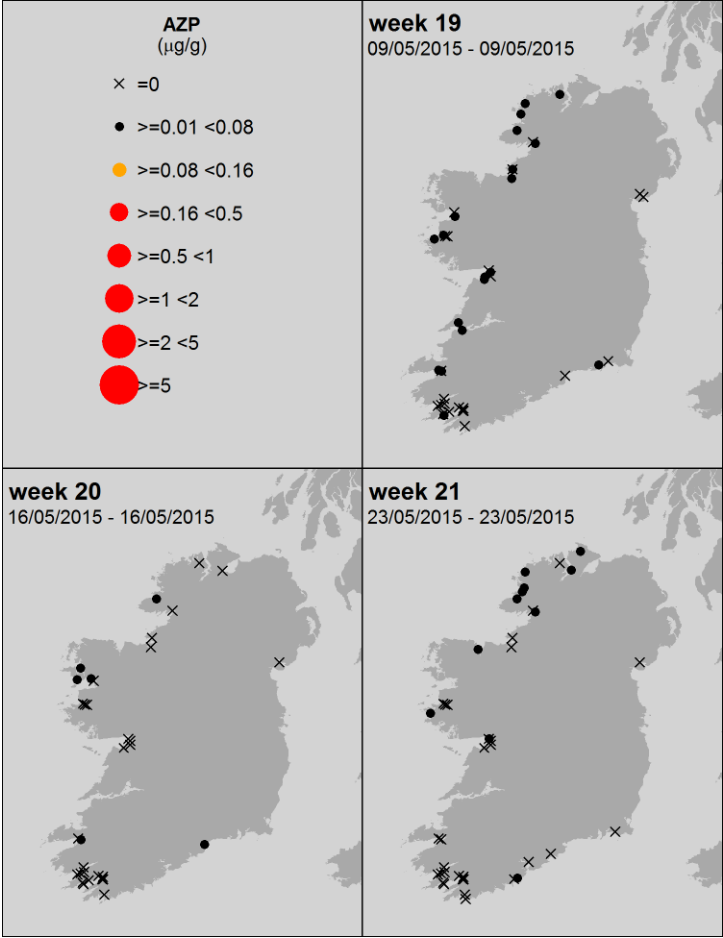
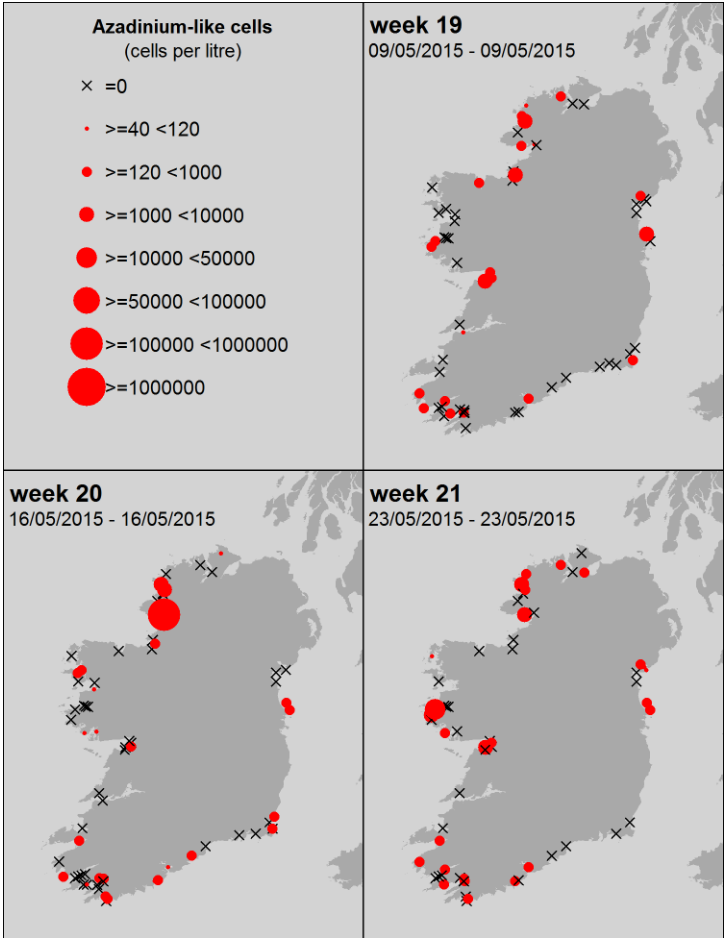
Ireland: Last 3 weeks of available National Monitoring Programme data



*Azadinium* – like spp.



AZP



Ireland: Last 3 weeks of available National Monitoring Programme data

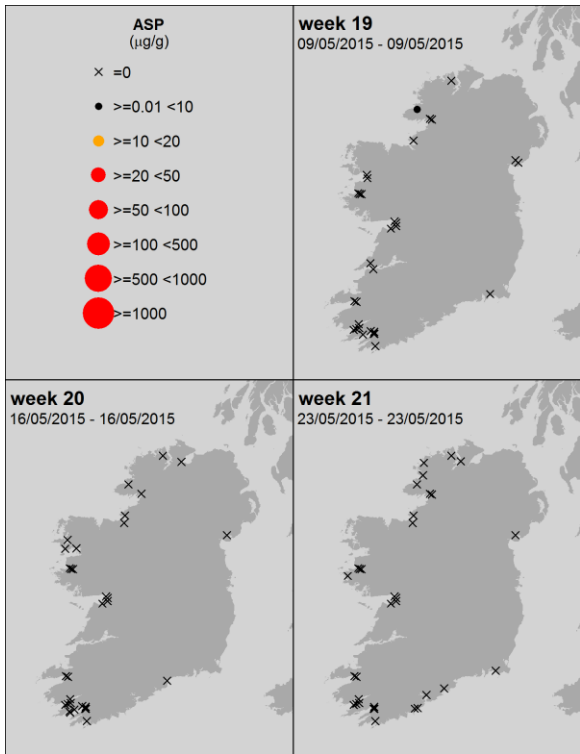
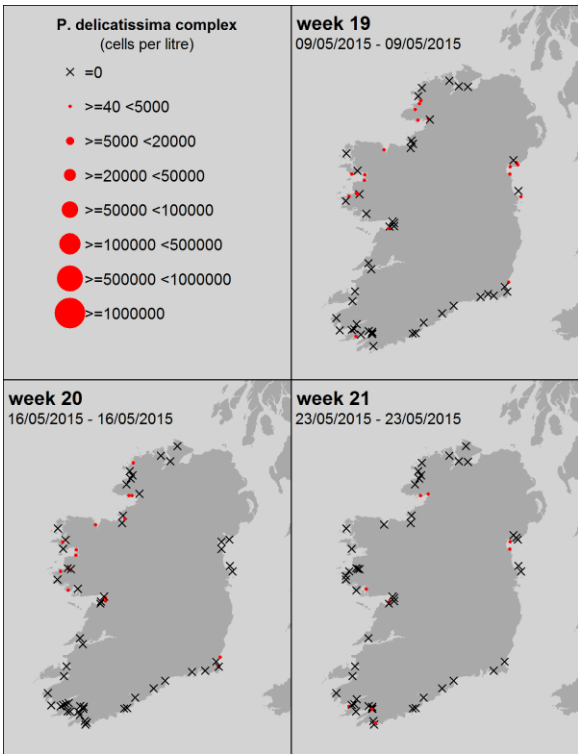
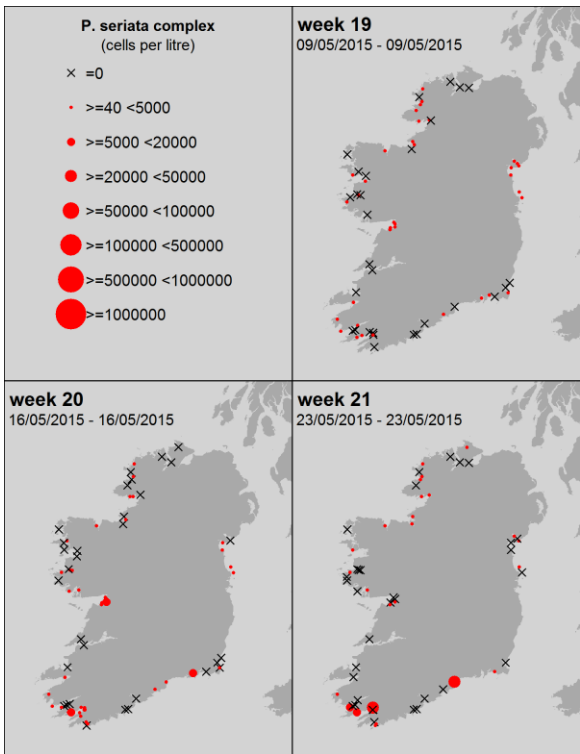
*Pseudo-nitzschia* spp.



ASP

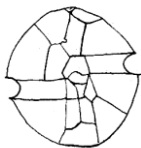
“*P. delicatissima*” complex = small cells  
Taken from the literature:  
3 species confirmed in Irish waters

“*P. seriata*” complex = large cells  
Taken from the literature:  
7 species confirmed in Irish waters

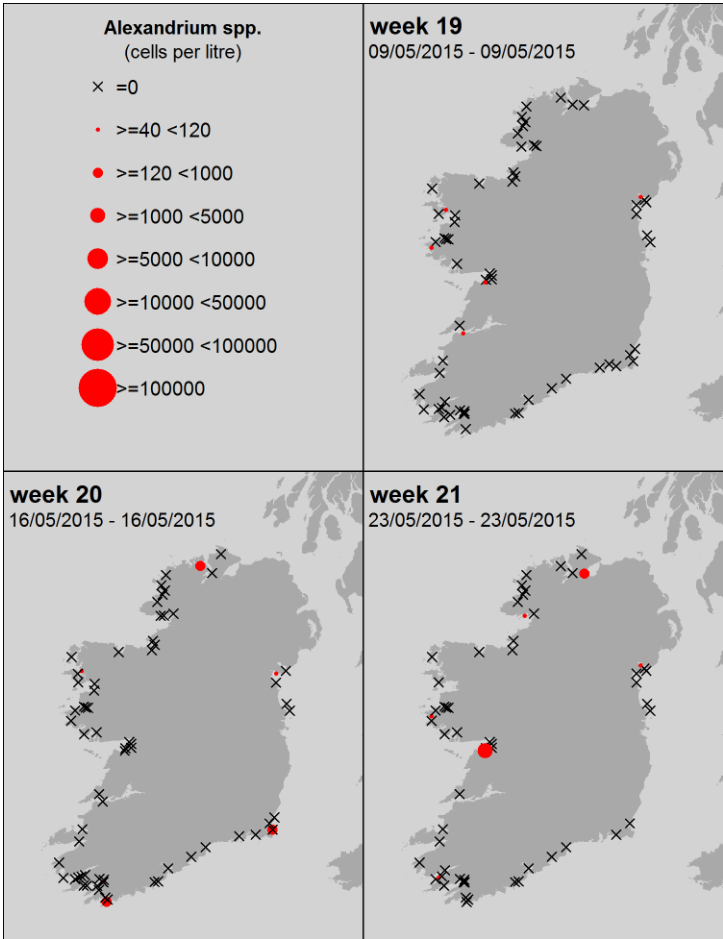


**Taken from the literature:** Of the 4 species (*P. fraudulenta*, *P. australis*, *P. pungens* and *P. delicatissima*) from Irish waters, tested for ASP toxins in culture work, only one, *P. australis* (from the “*P. seriata*” group) was toxic.

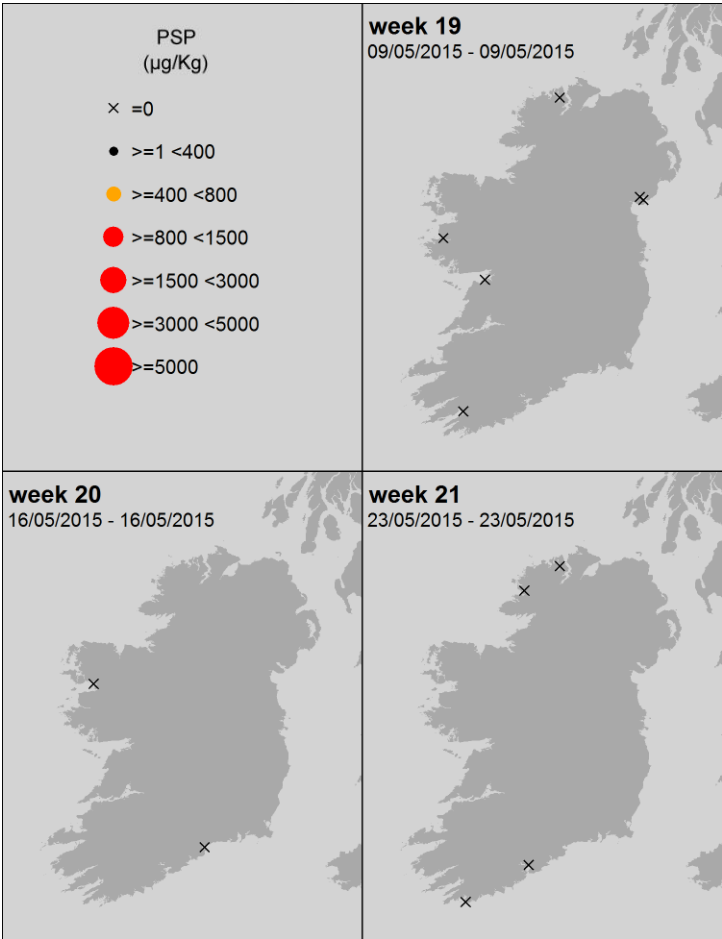
Ireland: Last 3 weeks of available National Monitoring Programme data



*Alexandrium* spp.

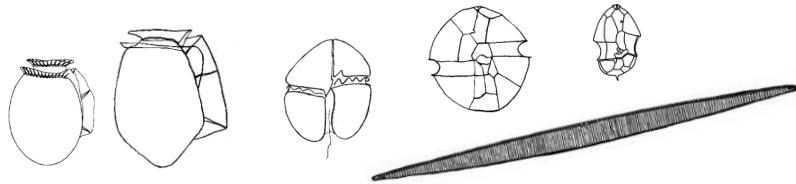


PSP



Ireland: HABs and biotoxins Levels from week 1 to present

Ireland: Biotoxins



Toxin groups

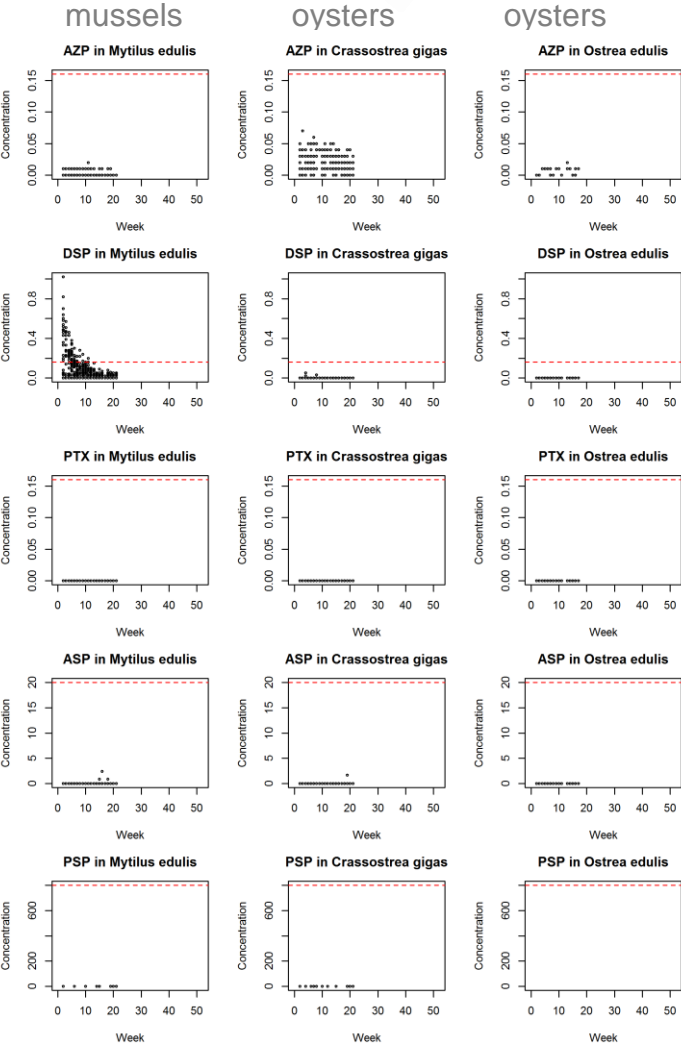
AZP  
AZaspiracid  
Poisoning

DSP  
Diarrhetic  
Shellfish  
Poisoning

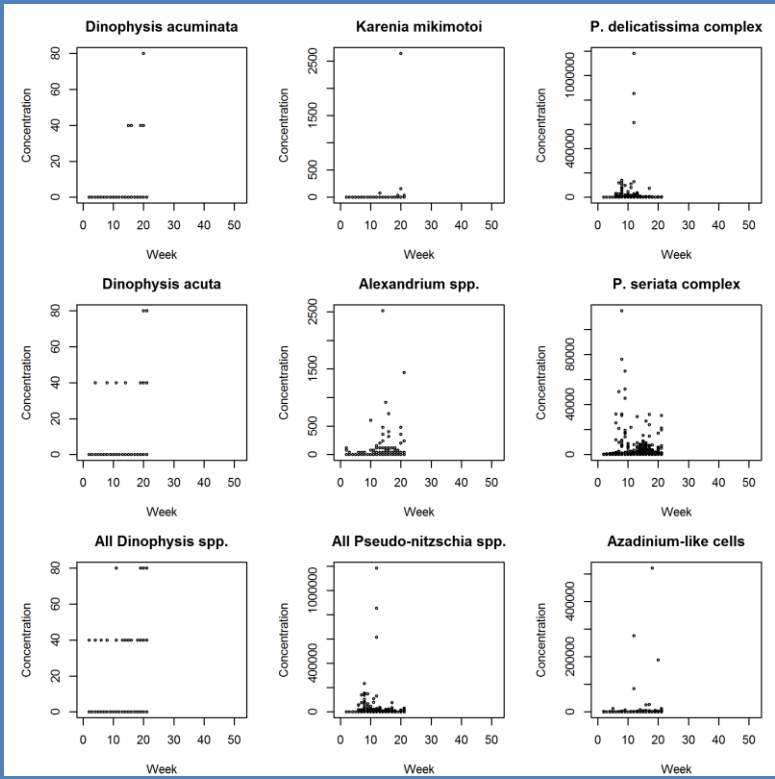
PTX  
Pectenotoxin

ASP  
Amnesic  
Shellfish  
Poisoning

PSP  
Paralytic  
Shellfish  
Poisoning



Ireland: HABs



Week number: 1 to 21

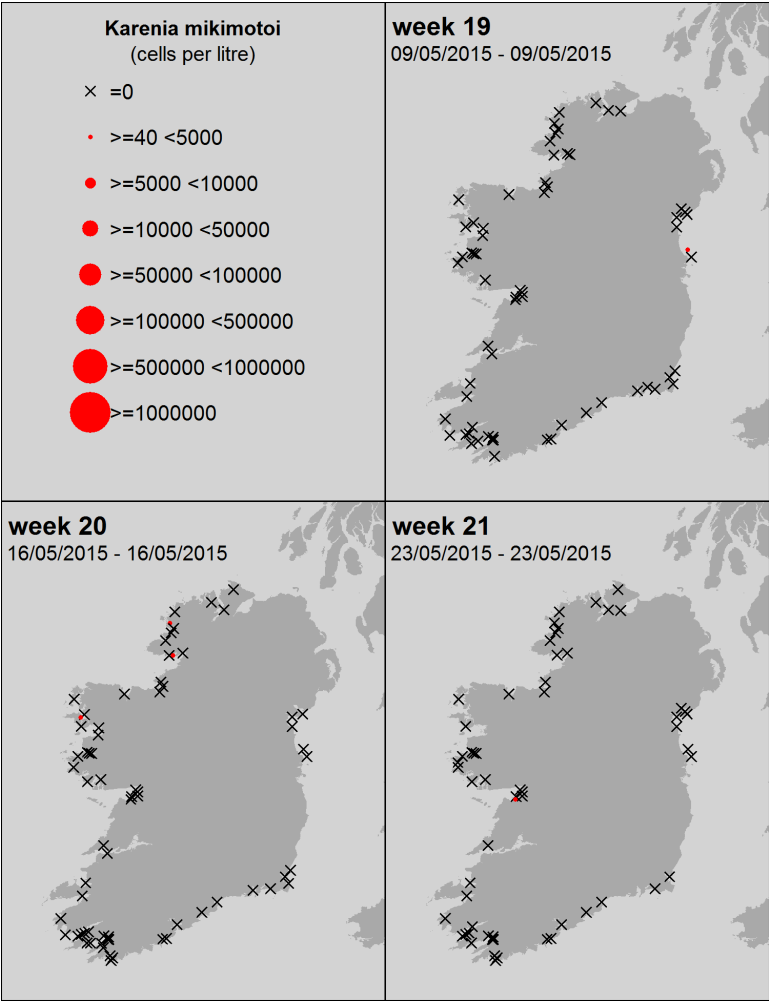
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Regulatory limit = ■■■■■



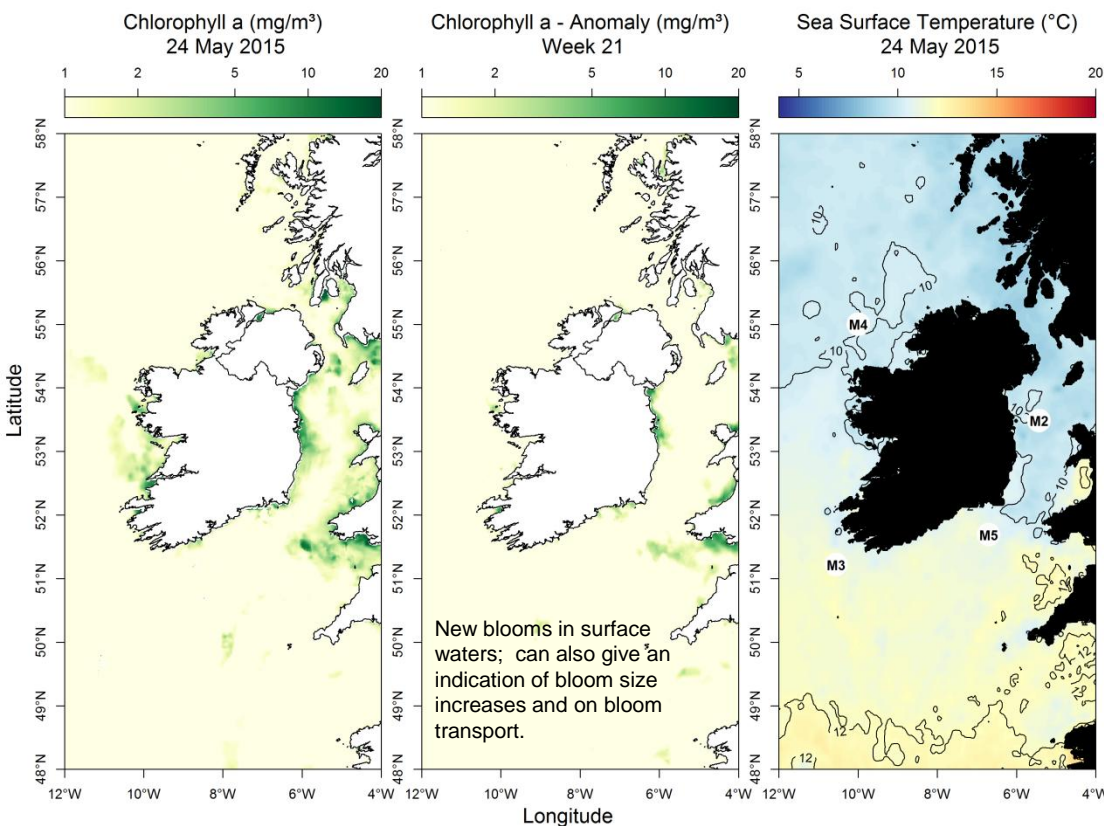


*Karenia mikimotoi*  
(old name: *Gyrodinium aureolum*)



Most up to date available satellite data

What phytoplankton were blooming around the coast last week?



**SST (°C) anomaly for last week:**  
Data taken from the Irish data buoy network where the anomaly is the weekly difference in SST compared to the long term mean (~ 10 yrs)

- NW coast (M4) below average by 0.88°C
- SW coast (M3) Offline
- SE coast (M5) below average by 0.76 °C

Region	Predominant Phytoplankton	Cells/L (rounded)
north:	<b>Diatoms:</b>	
	<i>C. closterium</i> / <i>N. Longissima</i>	126,000
	<i>Chaetoceros</i> (Hyalochaete) spp.	48,000
	<i>Dinobryon</i> spp.	45,000
	<b>Other:</b>	
	Microflagellate spp.	157,000
west:	<b>Diatoms:</b>	
	<i>P. delicatissima</i> group	107,000
	<i>Chaetoceros socialis</i>	82,000
	<i>Chaetoceros</i> (Hyalochaete) spp.	52,000
SW:	<b>Other:</b>	
	Microflagellate spp.	13,000,000
	<b>Diatoms:</b>	
	<i>Leptocylindrus minimus</i>	3,199,000
	<i>Skeletonema</i> spp.	1,716,000
	<i>Thalassiosira</i> spp. (< 20 µm)	637,000
	<i>Cerataulina pelagica</i>	349,000
south:	<b>Diatoms:</b>	
	<i>Thalassiosira</i> spp. (< 20 µm)	1,275,000
	<i>Skeletonema</i> spp.	563,000
	<i>Cerataulina pelagica</i>	77,000
	<b>Other:</b>	
	<i>Euglena</i> / <i>Eutreptiella</i> spp.	77,000
east:	<b>Diatoms:</b>	
	<i>Asterionellopsis glacialis</i>	4,289,000
	<i>Skeletonema</i> spp.	578,000
	Centric diatoms < 20 µm	164,000
	<i>Detonula confervacea</i>	148,000

# Bantry Bay

3 day estimated water flows at the mouth and mid-bay sections of Bantry Bay

**Modelled data not available until end of week**

Please go to <http://vis.marine.ie/particles/> to view daily forecasts in more detail

NW winds dominant 25 May 2015

**Modelled data not available until end of week**